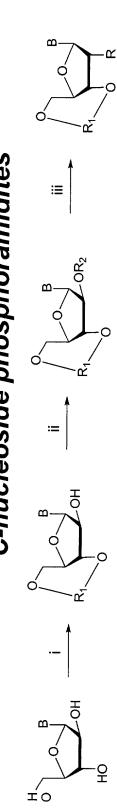
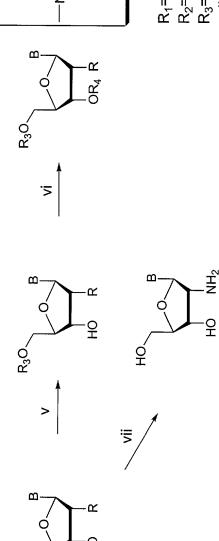
#### C-nucleosides and 2'-deoxy-2'-N-phthaloyl nucleoside and Figure 1: Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-amino nucleosides, C-nucleoside phosphoramidites





group; iii) displacement of leaving group; iv) deprotection of 5' and 3'-hydroxyls; v) protection of 5'-hydroxyl; vi) phosphitylation; vii) deprotection i) Simultaneous protection of 5' and 3' hydroxyls; ii) introduction of leaving

(a) A=B=C=D=H (b) A=B=C=D=CI (c) A=D=H, B=C=CI (d) A=NO<sub>2</sub>, B=C=D=H (e) B=NO<sub>2</sub>, A=C=D=H

R is selected from:

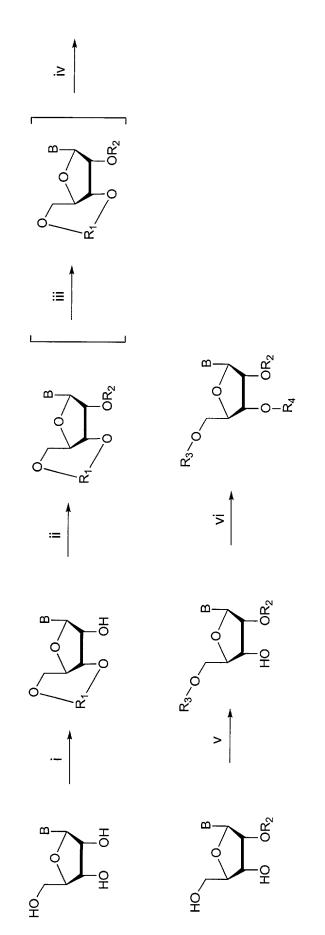
R<sub>1</sub>=silyl protecting group.

R<sub>2</sub>=leaving group

R<sub>3</sub>=5'-protecting group compatible with solid/solution phase oligonucleotide synthesis R<sub>4</sub>=phosphoramidite moiety

B=protected or unprotected nucleic acid base or C-glycoside aglycon

#### phosphoramidites and 2'-0-silyl C-nucleoside Figure 2: Synthesis of 2'-0-silyl nucleoside phosphoramidites



i) introduction of cyclic silyl protection; ii) introduction of 2'-silyl ether; iii) introduction of base protection (when necessary); iv) deprotection of 5' and 3'-hydroxyls; v) introduction of 5'-protection; vi) phosphitylation

R<sub>1</sub>= cyclic silyl protecting group.

R<sub>2</sub>=substituted silyl, for example tert-butyldimethylsilyl (TBDMS) or triisopropylsilyloxymethyl (TOM).

R<sub>3</sub>=5'-protecting group compatible with solid/solution phase oligonucleotide synthesis.

R<sub>4</sub>=phosphoramidite moiety

B=protected or unprotected nucleic acid base or

### Figure 3: Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-N-phthaloyl Cytidine **Phosphoramidite**

DMAP/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>; iv) phthalimide or substituted phthalimide, DBU/MeCN; v) Et<sub>3</sub>N•3HF/THF; vi) DMTCl/Pyr; vii) phosphitylation; viii) 40% aq methylamine **Reagents & Conditions:** i)  $Ac_2O/DMF$ ; ii) TIPDSiCI/Pyr; iii) triflic anhydride,

C (d) A=NO<sub>2</sub>, B=C=D=H (e) B=NO<sub>2</sub>, A=C=D=H

### Figure 4: Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-N-phthaloyl Uridine **Phosphoramidite**

Reagents & Conditions: i) TIPDSiCI/Pyr; ii) triflic anhydride, DMAP/CH2Cl2; iii) phthalimide or substituted phthalimide, DBU/MeCN; iv) ET<sub>3</sub>N•3HF/THF; v) DMTCI/Pyr; vi) phosphitylation; vii) 40% aq methylamine

## Figure 5: Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-N-phthaloyl Adenosine

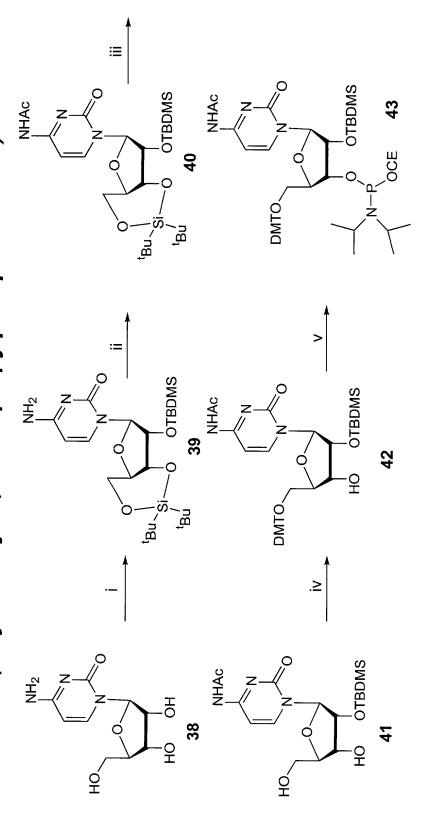
CEO is 2-cyanoethoxy (e) B=NO<sub>2</sub>, A=C=D=H (d)  $A=NO_2$ , B=C=D=H(b) A=B=C=D=**CI** (c) A=D=**H**, B=C=**CI** (a) A=B=C=D=H $Pr_2N$ R<sub>1</sub> is selected from: ≒  $0SO_2CF_3$ **Phosphoramidite** 24 오 NH<sub>2</sub> R is Ac, Bz, t-BuBz, PAC, BOC, or Cbz 오 (iPr)<sub>2</sub>Si-NH2 22 오 오

phthalimide, DBU/MeCN; iv) Acyl chloride or anhydride/Pyr; v) Et<sub>3</sub>N•HF/THF; vi) DMT-CI/Pyr, 0°C; vii) phosphitylation; viii) Reagents & Conditions: i)TIPDSiCI /Pyr; ii) triflic chloride, DMAP/methylene chloride; iii) phthalimide or substituted 40% aq methylamine

## Figure 6: Synthesis of 2'-deoxy-2'-N-phthaloyl Guanosine

phthalimide or substituted phthalimide, DBU/MeCN; vi) isobutyryl chloride/Pyr; vii) Et<sub>3</sub>N·3HF/THF; viii) 40% aq MeNH<sub>2</sub>; ix) Reagents and conditions: i) TIPDSiCI/Py; ii) CrO<sub>3</sub>/Py/Ac<sub>2</sub>O; iii) NaBH<sub>4</sub>/EtOH; iv) CF<sub>3</sub>SO<sub>2</sub>CI/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 0°C; v) DMT-CI/Py; x) phosphitylation

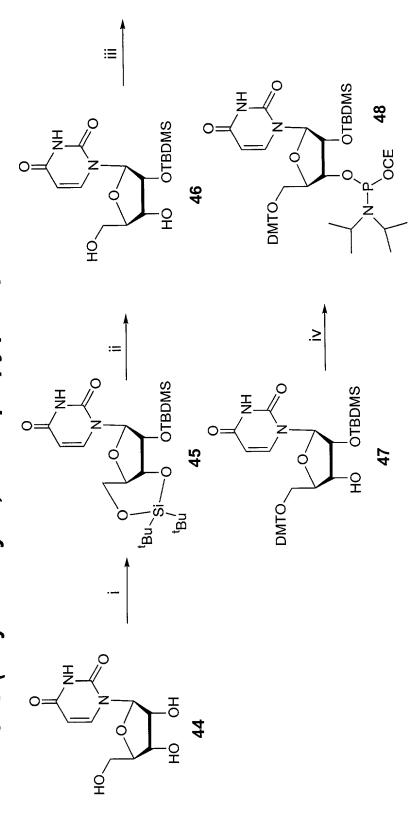
#### 5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-N4-acetyl Cytidine 3'-0-(2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite) Figure 7: Synthesis of



CE = 2-cyanoethyl

c. tert-BuMe<sub>2</sub>SiCl / Imidazole ii) acetic anhyride/pyridine iii) HF-Pyr/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>; iv) DMT-Cl / Pyr; v) phosphitylation Reagents & Conditions: i) a. MeSO<sub>3</sub>H; b. tert-Bu<sub>2</sub>Si(OSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> / Imidazole;

#### 5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl Uridine 3'-0-(2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite) Figure 8: Synthesis of



Reagents & Conditions: i) a. tert-Bu<sub>2</sub>Si(OSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> / Imidazole,

CE = 2-cyanoethyl

b. tert-BuMe<sub>2</sub>SiCl / Imidazole; ii) HF-Pyr/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>; iii) DMT-Cl / Pyr; iv) phosphitylation

#### Adenosine 3'-0-(2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite) 5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-N6-benzoyl Figure 9: Synthesis of

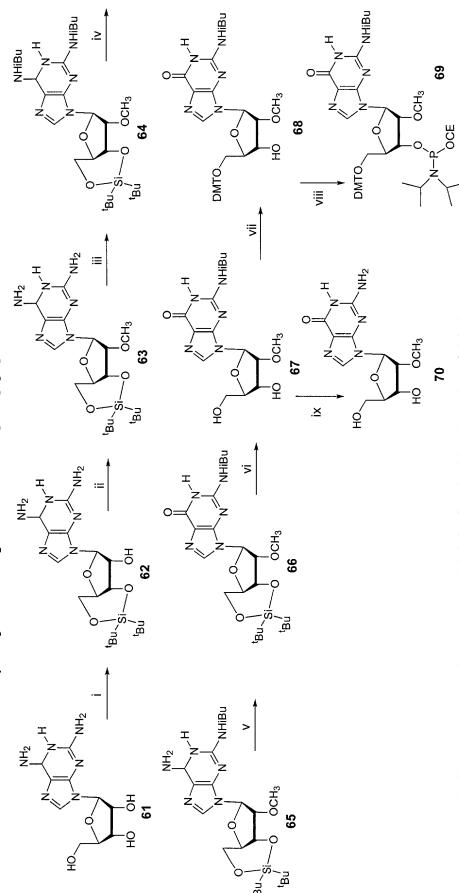
Reagents & Conditions: i) a. tert-Bu<sub>2</sub>Si(OSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> / Imidazole, b. tert-BuMe<sub>2</sub>SiCl / Imidazole; ii) a. Benzoyl chloride/Pyr b. Morpholine; iii) HF-Pyr/CH2Cl2; iv) DMT-Cl / Pyr; v) phosphitylation

#### Guanosine 3'-0-(2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite) 5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-O-tert-butyldimethylsilyl-N2-isobutyryl Figure 10: Synthesis of

Reagents & Conditions: i) a. tert- $\mathrm{Bu}_2\mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{OSO}_2\mathrm{CF}_3)_2$  / Imidazole, b. tert- $\mathrm{BuMe}_2\mathrm{SiCl}$  / Imidazole; ii) a. Isobutyryl chloride/Pyr, b. Methylamine/EtOH; iii) HF-Pyr/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>; iv) DMT-Cl / Pyr; v) phosphitylation

CE = 2-cyanoethyl

#### 5'-O-dimethoxytrityl-2'-O-methyl-N2-isobutyryl Guanosine Figure 11: Synthesis of 2'-O-methyl Guanosine and 3'-O-(2-cyanoethyl-N,N-diisopropylphosphoramidite)



NaH/DMF; iii) iBuCl/pyr; iv) Et<sub>3</sub>N/MeOH; v) NaNO<sub>2</sub>/AcOH; vi) HF-Pyr; vii) **Reagents & Conditions:** i) tert-Bu<sub>2</sub>Si(OSO<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> / Imidazole; ii) Mel, DMT-CI / Pyr; viii) phosphitylation; ix) methylamine

CE = 2-cyanoethyl

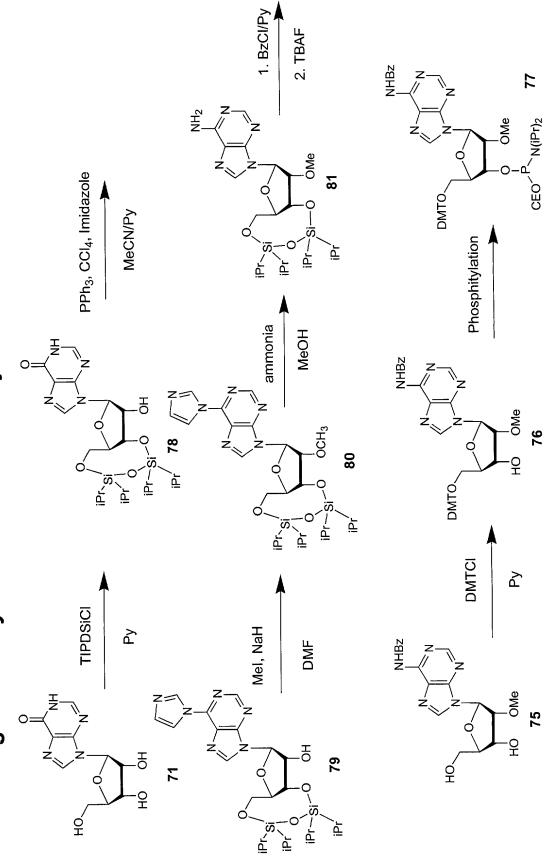
Figure 12. Elimination reaction

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{B} & \mathbf{HO} & \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{O} \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O} & \mathbf{O} \\ \mathbf{O}$$

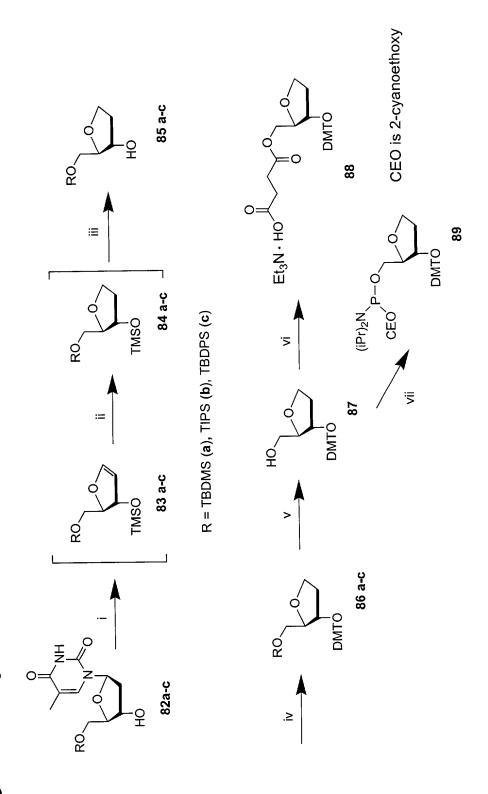
# Figure 13: Synthesis of 2'-O-methyl-N6-benzoyl Adenosine Derivatives

CEO is 2-cyanoethoxy

Figure 14: Synthesis of 2'-O-methyl Adenosine Derivatives



# Figure 15: Synthesis of 1,4-Anhydro-2-deoxy-D-erythro-pentitol derivatives



Reagents & Conditions: i) HMDS, catalyst, reflux; ii) H<sub>2</sub>, Pd/C; iii)Py·TFA (0.05 eq), MeOH; iv) DMT-Cl, Py, DMAP; v) NaOH, EtOH-H<sub>2</sub>O, reflux; vi) succinic anhydride, Py, DMAP, then Et<sub>3</sub>Nvii) phosphitylation